

# Mood

Mood is the climate of **feeling** in a literary work. The choice of setting, objects, details, images, and words all contribute towards creating a specific mood. For example, an author may create a mood of mystery around a character or setting but may treat that character or setting in an ironic, serious, or humorous tone

The atmosphere or emotional condition created by the piece, within the setting. Mood refers to the general sense or feeling which the reader is supposed to get from the text; it does *not*, as a literary element, refer to the author's or characters' state of mind. (Note that mood is a literary *element*, not a technique; the mood must, therefore, be described or identified. It would be incorrect to simply state, "The author *uses* mood.")

*Example: The mood of Macbeth is dark, murky and mysterious, creating a sense of fear and uncertainty.*

*Other words used to describe mood...*

## POSITIVE MOOD WORDS

---

Light-hearted  
Playful  
Tender  
Enlightened  
Optimistic  
Liberating  
Warm  
Hopeful  
Nostalgic  
Peaceful  
Welcoming  
Harmonious  
Trustful  
Vivacious  
Confident  
Idyllic  
Sympathetic  
Joyous  
Dignified  
Ecstatic  
Empowered

## NEGATIVE MOOD WORDS

---

Tense  
Gloomy  
Violent  
Insidious  
Pessimistic  
Confining  
Cold  
Hopeless  
Haunting  
Nightmarish  
Hostile  
Suspenseful  
Foreboding  
Painful  
Threatening  
Desolate  
Merciless  
Terrifying  
Barren  
Vengeful  
Heartbroken